

Underload (Undercurrent)

A sudden drop in motor current can signal conditions such as:

- Pump cavitation
- Tool breakage
- Belt breakage

For these instances, rapid fault detection can help minimize damage and aid in reducing production downtime.

Additionally, monitoring for an underload event can provide enhanced protection for motors that are coded by the medium handled (e.g., submersible pumps that pump water). Such motors can become overheated despite being underloaded. This can result from an absence or an insufficient amount of the medium (due to clogged filters, closed valves, etc.).

The CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay offers underload trip and warning settings adjustable from 10...100% FLA. The trip function also includes a trip delay time with a range of 0.1...25.0 seconds.

Current Imbalance (Asymmetry)

The CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay offers current imbalance trip and warning settings adjustable from 10...100%. The trip function also includes a trip delay time with a range of 0.1...25.0 seconds.

Remote Trip

The remote trip function allows an external device (e.g., a vibration sensor) to induce the CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay to trip. External device relay contacts are wired to the CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay discrete inputs. These discrete inputs are configurable with an option for assigning the remote trip function.

Current Monitoring Functions

The CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay allows the user to monitor the following operational data over a communications network:

- Individual phase currents — in amperes
- Individual phase currents — as a percentage of motor FLC
- Average current — in amperes
- Average current — as a percentage of motor FLC
- Percentage of thermal capacity utilized
- Current imbalance percentage
- Ground fault current

Diagnostic Functions

The CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay allows the user to monitor the following diagnostic information over the **Ethernet/IP** network:

- Device status
- Trip status
- Warning status
- Time to an overload trip
- Time to reset after an overload
- History of past five trips
- History of positive warnings
- Hours of operation
- Number of starts
- Trip snapshot trip

Status Indicators

The CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay provides the following LED indicators:

- **Power** — This green/red LED indicates the status of the overload relay.
- **TRIP/WARN** — This LED flashes a yellow code under a warning condition and a red code when tripped.

Inputs/Outputs

Inputs allow the connection of such devices as contactor and disconnect auxiliary contacts, pilot devices, limit switches, and float switches. Input status can be monitored via the network and mapped to a controller's input image table. Inputs are rated 24V DC, 120V AC, or 240V AC and are current sinking. Power for the inputs is sourced separately with convenient customer sources at terminal A1. Relay contact outputs can be controlled via the network or DeviceLogix function blocks for performing such tasks as contactor operation.

Test/Reset Button

The Test/Reset button, located on the front of the CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay, allows the user to perform the following:

- **Test** — The trip relay contact will open if the CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay is in an untripped condition and the Test/Reset button is pressed for 2 seconds or longer.
- **Reset** — The trip relay contact will close if the CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay is in a tripped condition, supply voltage is present, and the Test/Reset button is pressed.

Single/Three-Phase Operation

The CEP9 Electronic Overload Relay can be applied to three-phase as well as single-phase applications. A programming parameter is provided for selection between single- and three-phase operation. Straight-through wiring is afforded in both cases.

EtherNet/IP Communications

The CEP9 EtherNet/IP communication module has two RJ45 ports that act as an Ethernet switch to support a star, linear, and ring topology and supports the following:

- 2 concurrent Class 1 connections [1 exclusive owner + (1 input only or 1 listen only)]
- 6 simultaneously Class 3 connections (explicit messaging)
- Embedded web server
- SMPT server for trip and warning events
- Embedded EDS file

